SAFETY DATA SHEET



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 26 September 2024

(Valid for 5 years from this date)

1. IDENTIFICATION

Company Name	MONDIAL UTILITIES PTY LTD ABN: 65 674 824 045
Address	5, Wally Place, Lynbrook, VIC, 3975
Phone	+61 0449 985 755
Fax	NIL
Email Address	info@mondialholdings.com.au
Product Name	MONDIAL PERCIDE BOOST PRO
Other Names	
Recommended Use	Cleaning Agent
Emergency Telephone	000 Police, Fire & Ambulance (Australia Only)
Poisons Info Centre	13 11 26

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	6
GHS Classification	Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B.
	Classification drawn from HCIS and ECHA C&L Inventory.

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260	Do not breathe mist / vapours / spray.
P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face. protection

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P310+P330+P33 1	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce. vomiting
P303+P310+P361+P35 3	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P310+P351+P33 8	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1310-58-3	<10	Potassium hydroxide
1310-73-2	<10	Sodium hydroxide
10213-79-3	<10	Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate
141-43-5	<10	Monoethanolamine
7320-34-5	<10	Potassium pyrophosphate
Trade secret	<10	Proprietary ingredient 1
Trade secret	<10	Proprietary ingredient 2

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
	Ensure complete irritation of the avery by keeping availed apart and away from avery and moving the availed by
	Ensure complete impation of the eye by keeping eyenics apart and away non-eye and moving the eyends by
	occasionally litting the upper and lower lids. Continue hushing until advised to stop by the Poisons information
	Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
	Removal of contact lenses after an eve injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel
	If skin or hair contact occurs:
	Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using
Skin Contact	safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing,
	including f oot w ear.
	Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information
	Centre.
	Transport to hospital, or doctor.
	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from
	contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and
Inhalation	rested.
initiation	Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.
	Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or
	pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.
	Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or
Ingestion	a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely
	to be needed.
	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.
	If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain
	open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully.
	Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness;
	i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and
	as much as casualty can comfortably dr i n k.
	Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment

needed For acute or short-term repeated exposures to highly

alkaline materials:

- Respiratory stress is uncommon but present occasionally because of soft tissue edema.
- Unless endotracheal intubation can be accomplished under direct vision, cricothyroidotomy or
- tracheotomy may be necessary. Oxygen is given as indicated.
- The presence of shock suggests perforation and mandates an intravenous line and fluid administration.
- Damage due to alkaline corrosives occurs by liquefaction necrosis whereby the saponification of fats and solubilisation of

proteins allow deep penetration into the tissue. Alkalis continue to cause damage after exposure.

INGESTION:

- Milk and water are the preferred diluents.
- No more than 2 glasses of water should be given to an adult.
- Neutralising agents should never be given since exothermic heat reaction
- may compound injury. Catharsis and emesis are absolutely contraindicated.
- Activated charcoal does not absorb
- alkali. Gastric lavage should not be used.

EYE INJURY

- Injury should be irrigated for 20-30 minutes.
- * Eye injuries require saline. [Ellenhorn & Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media	Water spray or fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. BCF (where regulations permit). Carbon dioxide
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Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

	Fire incompatibility	None known
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Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. Do not approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit corrosive fumes.
HAZCHEM	2X

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	Flush away with copious amounts of water.
Major Spills	Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labeled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations. Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively ha ndl e.
PPE	Personal protective equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of this SDS

SECTION 7 HANDLING ANDSTORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

	Avoid all personal contact, including
	inhalation. Wear protective clothing
	when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a
	well-ventilated area.
Safe handling	WARNING: To avoid violent reaction, ALWAYS add material to water and
	NEVER water to material. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
	When handling, DO NOT eat, drink
	or smoke. Keep containers securely
	sealed when not in use. Avoid
	physical damage to containers.
	Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
	Store in original
	containers. Keep
	containers securely
	sealed.
Other information	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
	Store away from incompatible materials and
	foodstuff containers. Protect containers against
	physical damage and check regularly for leaks
	Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
	DO NOT store near acids or oxidising agents.
	No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Plastic pail. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid contact with acids and oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

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SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	potassium hydroxide	Potassium hydroxide	Not Available	Not Available	2 mg/m3	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	monoethanolamine	Ethanolamine	3 ppm / 7.5 mg/m3	15 mg/m3 / 6 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	sodium hydroxide	caustic soda	Not Available	Not Available	2 mg/m3	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
potassium hydroxide	Potassium hydroxide	0.18 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	54 mg/m3
monoethanolamine	Ethanolamine	6 ppm	170 ppm	1000 ppm
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	6.6 mg/m3	73 mg/m3	440 mg/m3
potassium pyrophosphate	Tetrapotassium diphosphorate	61 mg/m3	680 mg/m3	1,200 mg/m3
sodium hydroxide	caustic soda	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
potassium hydroxide	Not Available	Not Available
monoethanolamine	30 ppm	Not Available
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Not Available	Not Available
potassium pyrophosphate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium hydroxide	10 mg/m3	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with unperforated side shields may be used where continuous eye protection is desirable. Chemical goggles .whenever there is a danger of the material coming in contact with the eyes; goggles must be properly fi tte d . Full face shield (20 cm, 8 in minimum) may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes; these afforded face protection. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate i r r i t a n t s .
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Elbow length PVC gloves When handling corrosive liquids, wear trousers or overalls outside of boots, to avoid spills entering boots.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls . PVC Apron. PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe. Eyewash unit. Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Simation on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearan ce	Clear dark tan liquid	

Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.22
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	14	Decomposi tion temperat ure	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available

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Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
	Unstable in the presence of
Chemical stability	incompatible materials. Product is
	considered stable.
	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition	See section 5
products	

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage.
Ingestion	Ingestion of alkaline corrosives may produce burns around the mouth, ulcerations and swellings of the mucous membranes, profuse saliva production, with an inability to speak or swallow. Both the oesophagus and stomach may experience burning pain; vomiting and diarrhea may follow. The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	The material can produce severe chemical burns following direct contact with the skin . Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Potassium hydroxide burns are not immediately painful; onset of pain may be delayed minutes or hours; thus care should be taken to avoid contamination of gloves and boots.
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage. Direct eye contact with corrosive bases can cause pain and burns. There may be swelling, epithelium destruction, clouding of the cornea and inflammation of the iris. Mild cases often resolve; severe cases can be prolonged with complications such as persistent swelling, scarring, permanent cloudiness, bulging of the eye, cataracts, eyelids glued to the eyeball and blindness.
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosives may result in the erosion of teeth, inflammatory and ulcerative changes in the mouth and necrosis (rarely) of the jaw. Bronchial irritation, with cough, and frequent attacks of bronchial pneumonia may ensue.

Toxicological effects of ingredients

	potassium	Oral LD50 (rat) 273 mg/kg
	hydroxide	Oral LD50 (rat) 1515 mg/kg Dermal LD50
	monoethanola	(rabbit) 2504 mg/kgOral LD50 (rat) 847 mg/kg
Acute toxicity	mine	Oral LD50 (rabbit) >1000 mg/kg Dermal LD50
	sodium metasilicate,	(rabbit) >4640 mg/kgNo data available
	pentahydratepotassium	Oral LD50 (rat) 16800 mg/kg
	pyrophosphate	Oral LD50 (rat) 2546 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rat) 1844 mg/kg
	sodium	
	hydroxide	
	proprietary	
	ingredient 1	
	proprietary ingredient 2	

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Skin corrosion/irritation	potassium hydroxide monoethanola mine sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate potassium pyrophosphate sodium hydroxide proprietary ingredient 1 proprietary ingredient 2	Severe irritant (rabbit) Corrosive Corrosive. Causes skin burns. Irritating (non- specific severity) Corrosive. Causes skin burns. Irritating No data available
Eye damage/irritation	potassium hydroxide monoethanola mine sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate potassium pyrophosphate sodium hydroxide proprietary ingredient 1 proprietary ingredient 2	A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns Irritant Corrosive. Causes eye burns. Moderate irritation A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns Irritating No data available
Respiratory/ skin sensitizat ion	potassium hydroxide monoethanolamine sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate potassium pyrophosphate sodium hydroxide proprietary ingredient 1 proprietary ingredient 2	No data available No sensitizing effect. No data availableNot classified No data available No data available Not a skin sensitizer based on components

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	potassium hydroxide	No data available
	monoethanolamine	Not genotoxic
	sodium metasilicate,	No data available
	pentahydrate	
	potassium pyrophosphate	
	sodium nyaroxide	
	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 2	No known significant effects or critical hazards
	potassium hydroxide	No data available
	monoethanolamine	Not carcinogenic
	sodium metasilicate,	No data available
	pentahydrate	No ingredient designated by IABC, NTD, ACCILLAR OCULA as probable or supported
	potassium pyrophosphate	No ingredient designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA as probable or suspected
	sodium hydroxide	No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
jj	proprietary ingredient 2	No components are listed as carcinogens by JARC, ACGIH, OSHA or NTP above the
	proprietary ingreaterit 2	threshold of 0.1%
	potassium hydroxide	No data available
	monoethanolamine	No data available
	sodium metasilicate.	No data available
Carcinogenicity	pentahydrate	
	potassium pyrophosphate	Not classified
	sodium hydroxide	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 2	No known significant effects or critical hazards
	potassium hydroxide	No data available
Reproductive toxicity	monoethanolamine	No data available
	sodium metasilicate.	No data available
	pentahydrate	
	potassium pyrophosphate	Not classified
	sodium hydroxide	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 2	No data available
STOT (single exposure)		
	potassium hydroxide	No data available
	monoethanolamine	No data available
	sodium metasilicate,	No data available
	pentahydrate	
	potassium pyrophosphate	Not classified
	sodium hydroxide	No data available
STOT (repeated exposure)	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 2	No data available
	potassium hydroxide	No data available
	monoethanolamine	No aspiration hazard expected
	sodium metasilicate,	No data available
	pentahydrate	Not deep 'f's d
Aspiration toxicity	potassium pyrophosphate	
	sodium hydroxide	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 1	No data available
	proprietary ingredient 2	No data available

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity				
	Endpoint	Duration (Hr.)	Species	Value
potassium hydroxide	LC50	96	Fish	80mg/L
	EC0	48	Crustacea	<1mg/L
	NOEC	24	Fish	28mg/L
	,			
monoethanolamine	LC50	96	Fish	2-70mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	32.6mg/L
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	2.1mg/L
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	0.85mg/L
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	LC50	96	Fish	2-70mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	32.6mg/L
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	2.1mg/L
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	0.85mg/L

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potassium pyrophosphate	LC50	96	Fish	>100mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>100mg/L
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/L
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/L
sodium hydroxide	LC50	96	Fish	<180mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	40.4mg/L

Data extracted from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity

On the basis of available evidence concerning either toxicity, persistence, potential to accumulate and or observed environmental fate and behavior, the material may present a danger ,immediate orlong-term and /or delayed, to the structure and/ or functioning of natural ecosystems. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods Recycle containers whenever possible

Product / packaging disposal

Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

	CORRCAIVE 8
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	2X

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	1760		
Packing group	П		
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains potassium hydroxide)		
Environmental hazard	No relevant data		
T	Sub risk Not Applicable		
class(es)			
	provisions 274		
Special precautions for user	Limited quantity 1L		

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

MONOETHANOLAMINE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

SODIUM METASILICATE, PENTAHYDRATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) -Hazardous Chemicals Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

POTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources such as the ECHA C&L Chemical Inventory, HSNO (CCID)New Zealand, AICIS and HCIS Australia

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products, chemical compounds, structures, or processes

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA; Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer	
ACGIH: American Conference of Government	
Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term	
Exposure Limit	
TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit	
IDLH: Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concer	ntrations
OSF: Odour Safety Factor	
NOAEL: No Observed Effects Level	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value	
LOD: Limit Of Detection	
OTV: Odour Threshold Value	
BCF: Bio Concentration Factors	
BEI: Biological Exposure Index	

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End of SDS